Dynamics Notes 4 – Two Objects and Tension

There are a number of common force problems that involve 2 objects, that you will be expected to be able to solve. We will focus on 3 of these.



Alright that wasn't too hard, but can you find the tension in the rope?

If we use the same force diagrams and equations as before we hit a snag. The two tension forces \underline{Cance} !!!

This is because tension is an internal force

In order to solve for tension we have to consider...One mass only !

<u>Strategy</u>: To solve for tension chop your diagram in half and only consider one of the masses. Either one is fine because...

both tensions are EQUAL 1

Note: When finding the tension we are only considering half of the equation therefore we only use ______.

The Hanging Mass: One mass hanging, one horizontal



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Because one tricky concept is never enough, I give you...

Two forces are attached by a rope over a frictionless pulley as shown. (Assume the incline is frictionless) Determine:

a. The acceleration of the masses.

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b. The tension in the rope.
a.)
$$m_1 = 4.0 \text{ kg}$$

 $F_{ne} t = f_{g_1} - f_{g_2 \mu} = m_{+}a$
 $a = \frac{f_{g_1} - f_{g_2 \mu}}{f_{g_1} - f_{g_2 \mu}}$

$$= \frac{39.2 - 21.4}{(4.0+6.0)}$$

$$= 0.98 \text{ m/s}^{2}$$

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$$= 39.2 - (4.0)(0.98)$$

Two Objects AND an Incline

Problem: What direction will they accelerate? In earlier pulley problems it was obvious, the bigger mass always wins. When an inclined plane is involved this is not always the case because for the mass on an incline only ... the parallol component

So determine the forces on each one separately and see which one is the winner.

Force 1 =
$$\frac{1}{91}$$
Force 2 = $\frac{1}{9211}$ Fg1 = M.gFg211 = $\frac{1}{92}$ Sin 30°= (4.0)(9.8)= M_{29} Sin 30°= 39.2N= (6.0)(9.8) sin 30°= 29.4 N

<u>Ex</u>

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In the name of physics, a monkey is attached to a sleeping sheep on a ramp. Don't ask why. As we all know, the coefficient of friction for a sleeping sheep on a ramp is precisely 0.15. Determine:

a. The acceleration of the system.

even adorabler

sheep

Fr = MFN

b. The tension in the rope.

adora

monkey

24 kg

$$f_{1} = M_{1}g = (24)(9.8) = 235.2N$$

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$$f_{211} = f_{22} \sin 40$$

$$f_{28 \log^{2}} = M_{2}g \sin 40$$

$$= M_{2}g \sin 40$$

$$= (28)(9.8)\sin 40^{\circ}$$

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$$= 176.4N$$

$$Loser...$$

$$= M F_{3} = M M g \cos 40^{\circ}$$

$$= (0.15)(28)(9.8)\cos 40^{\circ} = 31.5N$$

 $\mathbf{h}_2 =$ 6.0 kg

Uinner!

- 1. Find the forces acting on the two bodies separately to determine a winner
- 2. Determine the friction on the sheep. Friction can work either up or down the ramp, because it always opposes motion, so we don't know which direction it is acting until we know the winner.
- 3. Based on the winner find the acceleration using m_{total}
- 4. Choose either body and examine it separately to determine the tension in the rope

a.) $F_{nut} = F_{g_1} - F_{g_{211}} - F_f = m_+ \alpha$ $\alpha = \frac{f_{1} - f_{22h} - F_{4}}{M_{1}} = \frac{235.2 - 176.4 - 31.5}{(24.0 + 27.0)} = 0.525 \, m/s^{2}$

b.) M.: $F_{net} = F_{g_1} - T = m_1 a$ $T = F_{g,} - m_{,} a$ = 235.2 - (0.525)(29) 223 N ニ